DELPHI DEFINITIONS OF LOW BACK PAIN PREVALENCE (DOLBaPP)

MINIMAL Definition

Figure 1. Final <u>minimal</u> definition of low back pain that results from the Delphi study. The diagram should be used in face-to-face interviews and questionnaires (a), and the wording alone used in telephone surveys (b). The diagram is used with the publisher's permission.

a) For face-to-face interviews and paper or online questionnaires:

In the last 4 weeks, have diagram)? Yes No	ve you had pain in your lower back (in the area shown on the						
If yes, was this pain bad enough to limit your usual activities or change your daily routine for more than one day?							
Yes □ No	LOWER BACK						

b) For telephone surveys:

<u>In the last 4 weeks</u> , have you had pain in your lower back?				
Yes 🗌	No 🗌			
If yes, was this pain bad enough to limit your usual activities or change your daily routine for more than one day?				
Yes 🗌	No 🗌			

OPTIMAL Definition

Figure 2. Final <u>optimal</u> definition of low back pain that results from the Delphi study. The diagram is used with the publisher's permission. Elements can be combined as investigators see fit to provide different specific definitions.

Time frame: In the last 4 weeks,							
Site and symptoms: have you had paid (in the area shown on the diagram)? Yes	in in your lower bacl No □	LOWER					
If yes, was this pain bad enough to limit your usual activities or change your daily routine for more than one day?							
Yes 🗌	No 🗌						
Sciatica: have you had pain that goes	down the leg?						
Yes 🗌	No 🗌						
If yes, has this pain gone below the	he knee?						
Yes 🗌	No 🗌						
Exclusions: Please ignore pain caused by menstruation or by an illness accompanied by fever.							
Frequency: ² If you had pain in your l have the pain?	lower back <u>in the las</u> t	t 4 weeks, how often did you					
On some days 🗌 🔾	On most days 🔲 🔝	Every day 🗌					

Duration: If you had low back pain in the last 4 weeks, how long was it since you had a whole month without any low back pain? (Please tick only one box).										
	3 m 7 m		or mo	ore bu	t less t					
Severity: 2,3 If you had low back pain in the last 4 weeks, please indicate what was the usual intensity of your pain on a scale of 0 to 10, where 0 means "no pain" and 10 means "the worst pain imaginable". (Please circle your answer).										
0 No pain	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 Worst pain

***The SF-36 Bodily Pain Scale^[10,22,23] and Graded Chronic Pain Scale (GCPS)^[10,24-26] are also suggested as alternative optimal definitions because they have been well studied and there has been extensive assessment of their psychometric qualities. The GCPS has been often used in back pain prevalence studies.

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The body diagram was first published in Kuorinka I, Jonsson B Kilbom A et al. Standardised Nordic questionnaires for the analysis of musculoskeletal symptoms. <u>Applied Ergonomics 1987; 18(3):233-7</u>, and is used with the publisher's permission.

¹The diagram should be used in face-to-face interviews and paper or online questionnaires and omitted in telephone surveys, as detailed in the minimal definition (Figure 1).

²Questions on frequency, duration and severity can be used for sciatica by replacing "low back pain" by "pain that goes down the leg".

³For publication, categories are: "Mild= <7/10" and "Severe= $\ge 7/10$ ".